engineering laboratory



Global Research Data Infrastructure: Path Forward for Progress



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NIST's Mission

 To promote U.S. innovation and industrial competitiveness by advancing measurement science, standards, and technology in ways that enhance economic security and improve our quality of life





NIST: Basic Stats and Facts

- Major assets
 - -~ 3,000 employees
 - ~ 2,800 associates and facilities users
 - ~ 1,300 field staff in partner organizations
 - Two main locations:
 Gaithersburg, Md., and Boulder, Colo.
 - -Nobel Prize Winners: 1997, 2001, 2005, 2007, 2013





Internet of Things

If we had computers that knew everything there was to know about things—using data they gathered without any help from us—we would be able to track and count everything, and greatly reduce waste, loss and cost.

> —Kevin Ashton, That 'Internet of Things' Thing, RFID Journal, July 22, 2009

Internet of Things

What are the defining characteristics of the "Internet of Things?"

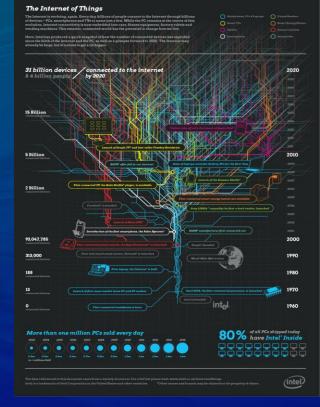
Scale
Capability
Reach



Internet of Things - Scale

Devices connected to the Web:

- 1970 = 13
- 1980 = 188
- 1990 = 313,000
- 2000 = 93,000,000
- 2010 = 5,000,000,000
- 2020 = 31,000,000,000



Source: Intel



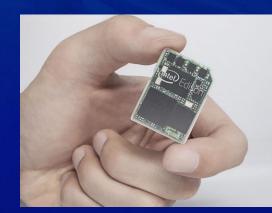
Internet of Things - Capability

Intel Edison:

"It's a full Pentiumclass PC in the form factor of an SD card,"



Intel CEO Brian Krzanich



Internet of Things – Reach

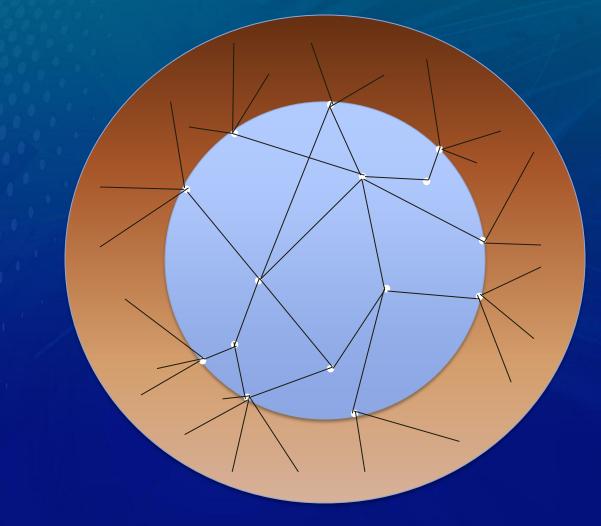
Virtual

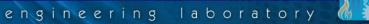


Internet of Things - Reach



Internet of Things - Reach

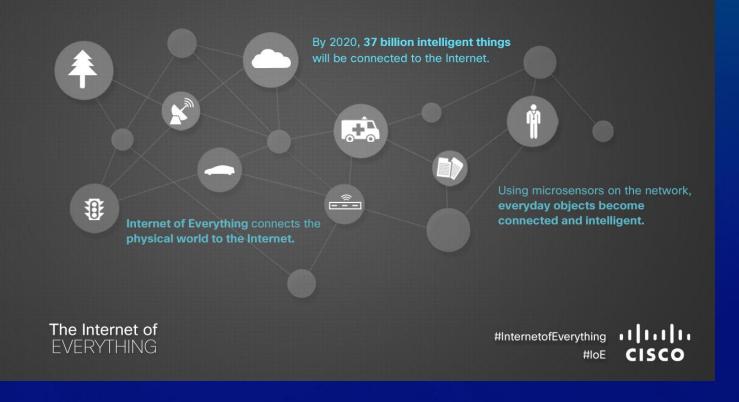




Cisco Internet of Everything

Today, more than **99% of things** in the physical world are still not connected to the Internet.

But a phenomenon called "The Internet of Everything" will wake up everything you can imagine.



Big Data - Qualitative

Things You Don't Know

Questions You're Asking



Questions You Haven't Thought Of

Things You Know

Credit: Jason Kolb, Applied Data Labs; Modified from the original at: www.applieddatalabs.com/content/new-reality-business-intelligence-and-big-data



Big Data - Quantitative



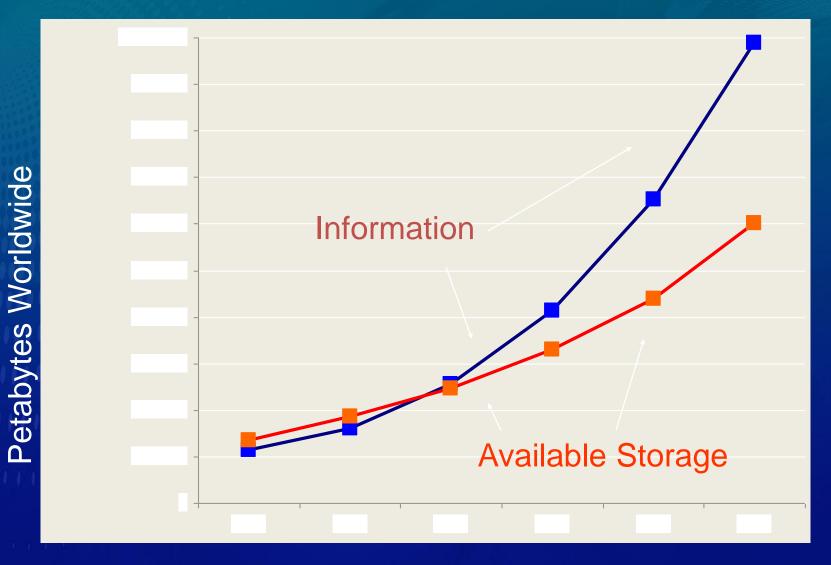
Big Data - Volume

IDC April 2014: The Digital Universe of Opportunities

- From 2013 to 2020, the digital universe will grow by a factor of 10 – from 4.4 trillion gigabytes to 44 trillion. It more than doubles every two years.
- In 2014, the digital universe will equal 1.7 megabytes a minute for every person on Earth.
- Data from embedded systems will grow from 2% of the digital universe in 2013 to 10% in 2020.
- In 2013, the available storage capacity could hold just 33% of the digital universe. By 2020, it will be able to store less than 15%.

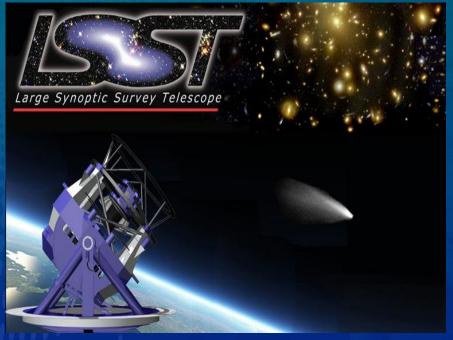
Source: IDC Corporation, http://idcdocserv.com/1678, sponsored by EMC

Big Data - Volume



Source: John Gantz, IDC Corporation, The Expanding Digital Universe

Big Data - Velocity



LSST:

"Suspended between its vast mirrors will be a three billion-pixel sensor array, which on a clear winter night will produce 30 terabytes of data. In less than a week this remarkable telescope will map the whole night sky And then the next week it will do the same again ... building up a database of billions of objects and millions of billions of bytes."

Nature 440:383

Sloan Digital Sky Survey

- 140 Terabytes, year 2000 to present
- LSST Large Synoptic Survey Telescope
 - Expect 140 Terabytes every 5 days
- Square Kilometer Array
 - Expect 140 Terabytes every 3 sec

Big Data - Variety

Combining Structured and Unstructured Data

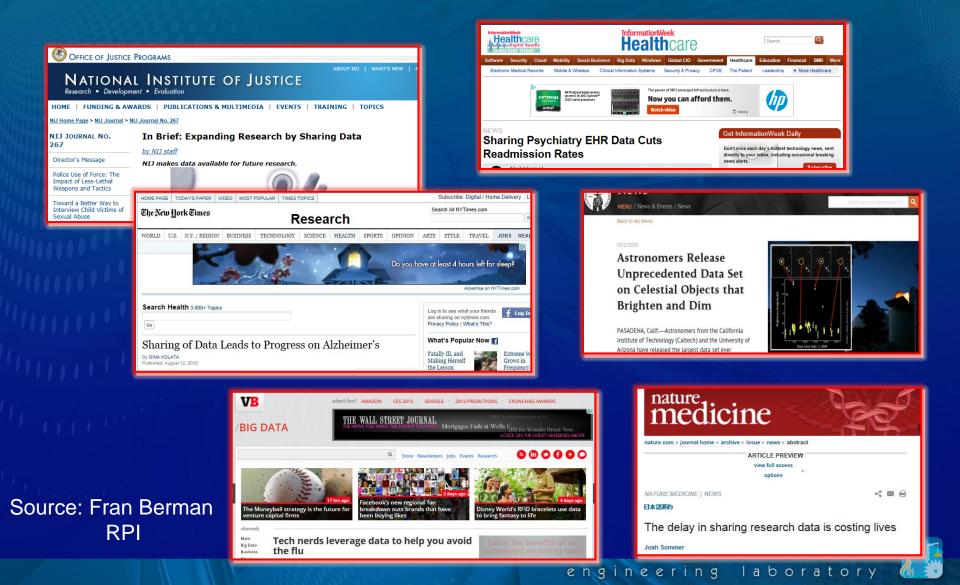


The time is right for progress:

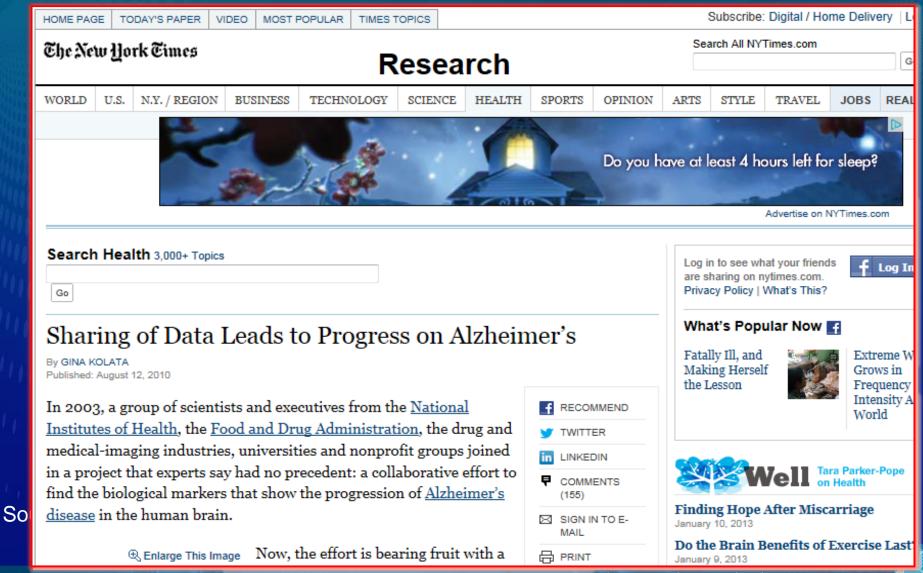
- The open exchange of research data has intrinsic value
- 21st Century science is global and digital
- Adequate technical capabilities are available today
- A global infrastructure can be operated on the basis of voluntary cooperation and consensus



It's Not Just Your Data, It's Other People's Data Data Sharing Fundamental to Data-Driven Innovation



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It's Not Just Your Data, It's Other People's Data

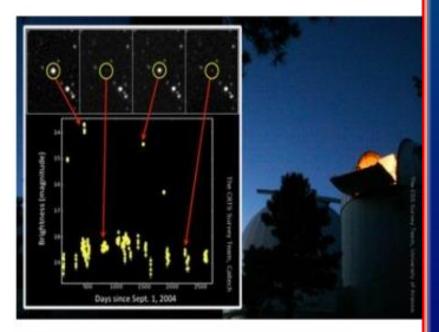
Data Charing Eurodomantal to Data Drivan Innovation



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01/12/2012

Astronomers Release Unprecedented Data Set on Celestial Objects that Brighten and Dim

PASADENA, Calif.—Astronomers from the California Institute of Technology (Caltech) and the University of Arizona have released the largest data set ever collected that documents the brightening and dimming of stars and other celestial objects—two

disease in the human brain.

(B) Enlarge This Image Now, the effort is bearing fruit with a

Finding Hope After Miscarriage

Do the Brain Benefits of Exercise Last

IMAGE OF A DWARF NOVA. WHICH IS A STAR SYSTEM WHERE

January 10, 2013

January 9, 2013

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So

What's been missing?

Forum for reaching consensus and making decisions
Basis for acting voluntarily on those decisions

Example of operating a global infrastructure on the basis of cooperation and consensus: The Internet Society and the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)



Five Principles for an Open Data Infrastructure:

- Discoverable
- Accessible
- Understandable
- Manageable
- People



Characteristics of a coordinated global data effort:

- Community-based Not a government organization, commercial entity or regulatory body
- Open Membership is open, meetings are public, processes are transparent, and products are free
 - Balanced Organized on the principle of balanced representation for individual organizations and stakeholder communities



Characteristics of a coordinated global data effort:

- Consensus-driven Progress through rough consensus, voting to resolve disagreements as required
- Harmonization-oriented Focused on harmonization and early deployment across standards, policies, technologies, tools, and other data infrastructure elements
- Non-profit Does not design, promote, endorse, or sell commercial products or services



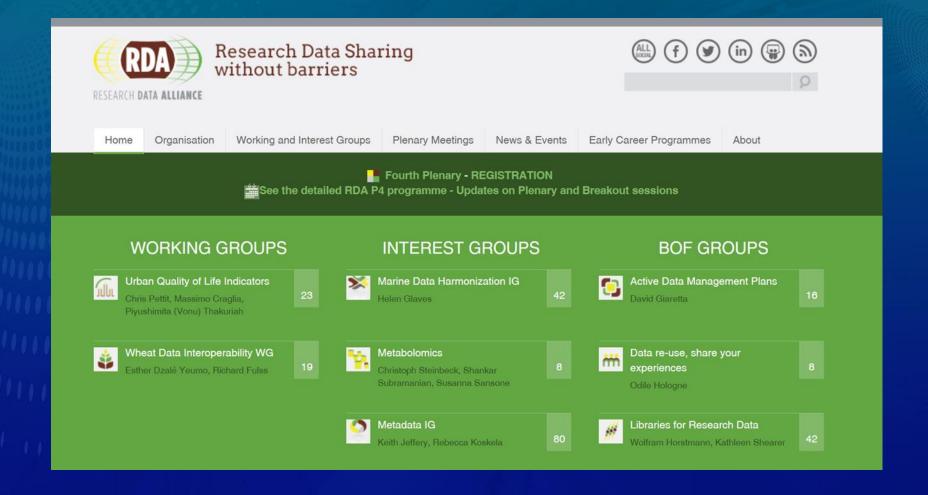
Research Data Alliance - RDA

The Research Data Alliance (RDA) builds the social, organizatinal, and technical bridges that enable open sharing of data.

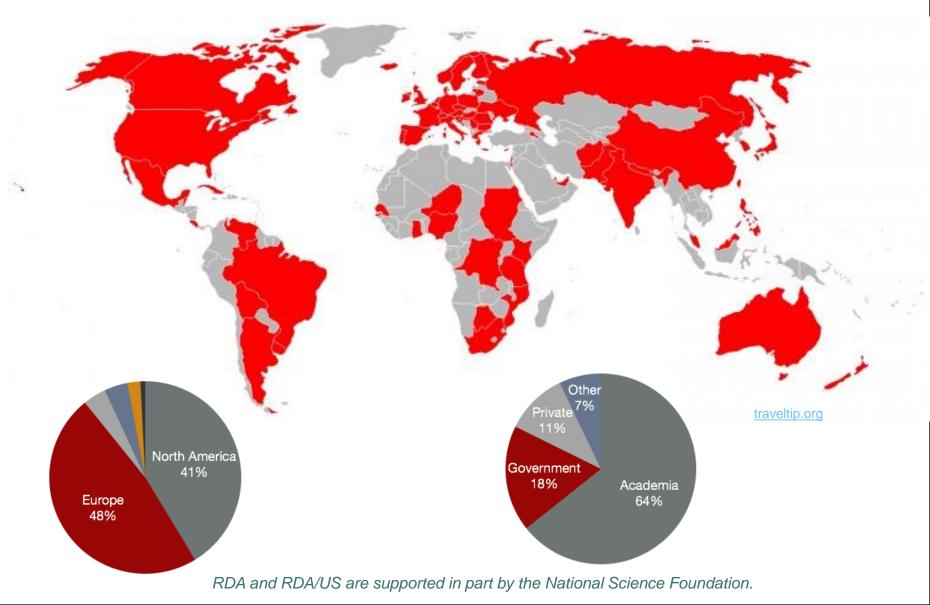
The RDA vision is researchers and innovators openly sharing data across technologies, disciplines, and countries to address the grand challenges of society.



Web Site: rd-alliance.org



The RDA Community Today: Over 1850 members from 80+ countries (as of 6/14)



Inside the RDA: Organizational Framework

RDA Strategy and Leadership: **Council** Responsible for overarching mission, vision, sustainability of RDA

Technical Leadership: Technical Advisory Group (TAG)

Responsible for Technical Roadmap Administrative Leadership: Secretariat

Responsible for Administration and Operations Organizational Partners: Organisational Advisory Group (OAG)

Responsible for Process and Strategy Reference Document

Community Impact: **Working Groups** Responsible for impactful, outcome-oriented efforts



RDA Council

- Fran Berman, Professor of Computer Science, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
- Patrick Cocquet, Chief Executive Officer, Cap Digital
- Tony Hey, Vice President, Microsoft Research Connections
- Kay Raseroka, Independent consultant and Trainer, IFLA Building Strong Library Associations
- Doris Wedlich, Chief Science Officer, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)
- Ross Wilkinson, Executive Director, Australian National Data Service
- John Wood, Secretary General of the Association of Commonwealth Universities

RDA Approach: CREATE → ADOPT → USE

RDA Members come together as

 Working Groups – 12-18 month efforts to build, adopt, and use specific pieces of infrastructure



 Interest Groups – longer-lived discussion forums that spawn Working Groups as specific pieces of needed infrastructure are identified.

Working Group efforts focus on the development and use of data sharing infrastructure

- Code, policy, infrastructure, standards, or best practices that are adopted and used by communities to enable data sharing
- **"Harvestable" efforts** for which 12-18 months of work can eliminate a roadblock
- Efforts that have substantive applicability to groups within the data community, but may not apply to everyone
- Efforts for which working scientists and researchers can start today



A and RDA/US are supported in part leyntige i/hatenear in g_____a b_oratory

RDA Interest (IG) and Working Groups (WG) by Focus

 Domain Science - focused Toxicogenomics Interoperability IG Structural Biology IG Biodiversity Data Integration IG Agricultural Data Interoperability IG Wheat Data Interoperability WG 	Ethno Defini Scient Geosp Marino RDA/0 Infrasi	I Practices in History and graphy IG ng Urban Data Exchange for ce IG batial IG e Data Harmonization IG CODATA Materials Data tructure and Interoperability IG arch Data Needs of the Photon eutron Science Community IG	 Community Needs - focused Community Capability Model IG Engagement IG Development of Cloud Computing Capacity and Education in Developing World Research IG Ethics and Social Aspects of Data IG
 Reference and Sharing - focu Data Citation WG Standardization of Data Categories an WG RDA/CODATA Legal Interoperability IG Data Description Registry Interoperate Working Group 	nd Codes G	 Data Stewardship - focused Research Data Provenance RDA/WDS Certification of Digital Repositories IG Preservation e-infrastructur IG 	and Certification Working Group Domain Repositories Interest
 Base Infrastructure - focused Data Foundation and Terminology W Metadata Standards Directory WG Practical Policy WG PID Information Types WG Data Type Registries WG 	/G	 Data in Context IG Big Data Analytics Data Brokering IG Federated Identity Metadata IG PID Interest Group Service Manageme 	IG Management IG

For additional information:

RDA Web Site: rd-alliance.org

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